

Name of the project: EU-Roadmap - EU Refugees' Orientation and Assessment Desk Methodologies Activities and Participation cod. AMIF 9102

**Programme:** Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund 2014 – 2020

Coordinator: Cooperativa sociale "Il Cenacolo"

Municipality of Florence: Partner

Reference Unit: Department of Social Services

**Budget:** € 419.009,86

**Status:** in progress

**Opening date:** January 2017

Closing date: December 2019

Submitted: 2016

**Partnership:** Cooperativa sociale "Il Cenacolo" (Lead partner); Comune di Firenze; Formazione Co&So Network, Jugend am Werk Steiermark GmbH (AT), Bridge programmes – Flemington house (UK), ARSIS - Association for the social support of youth (EL), Wisamar Educational Institute (DE)

## **Objectives and activities:**

In the document "An European agenda for migration", adopted on 13th May 2016, the European Commission announced that it would put in place actions to "support the Member States in promoting a permanent dialogue at European level on issues as the gaps in the labour market, the regularization and integration of the migrants", stressing the importance of ensuring synergies between various EU funds and implement measures for the integration of migrants. The Commission's 2015 Work Programme has expressed the need to support integration in the workplace of persons under international protection. Access to employment is one of the most effective tools for the integration of migrants and employers play a key role in contributing to maximizing the benefits of migration. More generally, employers can also play an intermediary role between migrants and businesses helping to stimulate a more positive

relationship between demand and supply of labour to support the local economy.

In Particular, the EU-ROADMAP project aims to:

- 1) facilitate the access to employment and promote integration of migrants and mostly of beneficiaries of international protection and asylum seekers, in the workplace through better access to job market information and recognition of skills, language training and vocational training, skills assessment, and facilitated contact with potential employers;
- 2) identify the best European practices on corporate training for migrant entrepreneurs and study the contribution of these entrepreneurs to promote the integration of migrants.